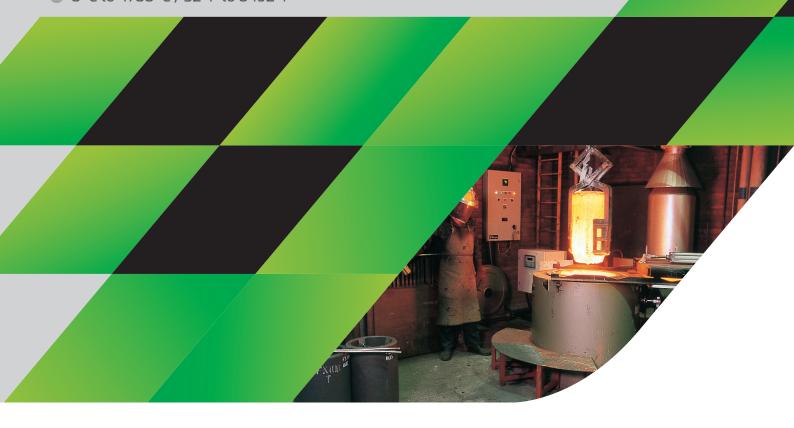
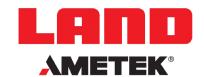




□ 0 °C to 4700 °C / 32 °F to 8492 °F











AMETEK LAND HAS BEEN MANUFACTURING PRECISION MEASURING EQUIPMENT SINCE 1947.

WE ARE SPECIALISTS IN NON-CONTACT TEMPERATURE MEASUREMENT AND COMBUSTION MONITORING WITH APPLICATIONS ACROSS DIVERSE INDUSTRIES SUCH AS STEEL AND GLASS MAKING, POWER GENERATION AND CEMENT MANUFACTURE.

As part of AMETEK Process & Analytical Instruments Division since 2006, our customers benefit from the worldwide AMETEK sales and service team.

System 4 comprises an advanced range of high precision radiation thermometers, LANDMARK® processors and a range of mounting accessories which combine to form a complete temperaturemeasurement system.

System 4 thermometers offer exceptional flexibility with a choice of single wavelength, ratio, fibroptic and fibroptic ratio models.

Thermometer type, temperature range, spectral response and optical characteristics are chosen to suit any application from 0 to 2600°C/50 to 4700°F

- Focusable optics standard and short focus versions with through-the-lens sighting providing clear and guaranteed definition of target
- Optional close-up lenses giving measurement of targets as small as 0.45mm/0.02in
- Accurate, reliable, drift-free measurement
- Rugged design with a range of mounting options
- Flexible fiber optics light guide versions with optional laser targeting system to define target spot
- High level linear output

RADIATION THERMOMETERS

Proven, reliable electronics and a high quality optical system combine to deliver accurate, dependable temperature measurement. A rugged die-cast aluminium body, with a high quality electrical connector, ensures reliable performance.

Standard bodied thermometers all feature through-the-lens sighting with a 6° field of view. Adjustable focus with a circular graticule gives precise alignment on to the smallest targets. Two optical variants are available: Standard focus - adjustable between 500mm/19.7in and infinity, and Short-focus - viewing from 350mm to 1m/13.8 to 39.4in. Close-up lenses are also available which can measure targets as small as 0.45mm/0.02in from as close as 90mm/3.5in.

FIBROPTIC THERMOMETERS

The use of flexible fiber optics allows the detector and electronics enclosure to be located in a less hostile environment, and enables access to difficult targets. The fibroptic thermometers are available with an optional integral laser targeting system which defines the target spot for accurate alignment.

The use of fiber optics permits viewing of normally inaccessible targets, where there are high magnetic fields or in high ambient temperatures up to 200°C/400°F without cooling of the optic head. There is a choice of three optic heads and three light guide lengths.

TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

Metal Production	Glass Production
Mineral Processing	Paper Production
Rubber Production	Chemical Processing
Food & Pharmaceuticals	Electronics

SYSTEM 4 MODELS

Thermometer Description	Model No	Wayolongth	Panga	Minimum
Thermometer Description	Model Nº	Wavelength (μm)	Range	Minimum
				Target Dia*
M1 Thermometers M1 thermometers are for general purpose use in high temperature	M1 450/1000C M1 600/1600C	1.0 1.0	450 to 1000 °C 600 to 1600 °C	3.0/0.12 0.9/0.04
applications. They utilize a silicon cell detector and operate at short	M1 800/1600C	1.0	800 to 1600 °C	0.45/0.02
wavelengths around 1.0µm where emissivity errors are minimized.	M1 850/2000C M1 850/1850F	1.0	850 to 1850 °F	3.2/0.13
They have a fast response time of 5ms.	M1 1100/2900F	1.0	1100 to 2900 °F	0.9/0.04
	M1 1500/4700F	1.0	1500 to 4700 °F	0.45/0.02
M2 Thermometers				
M2 thermometers use the latest generation of germanium	M2 300/1100C	1.6	300 to 1100 °C	0.9/0.04
detectors and operate at a wavelength of 1.6µm. They extend	M2 600/2000F	1.6	600 to 2000 °F	0.9/0.04
the measurement range of short wavelength thermometers	WIZ 000/ 20001	1.0	000 10 2000 1	0.5/ 0.0 1
down to 300°C/600°F and have a fast response time of 5ms.				
M4 Thermometers				/
M4 short wavelength thermometers are used on low	M4 50/250C	2.4	50 to 250 °C	3.2/0.13
temperature, low or uncertain emissivity surfaces such as bright or unoxidized metals. They use lead sulphide detectors in a	M4 150/550C	2.4	150 to 550 °C	1.0/0.04 3.2/0.13
unique null balance mode to guarantee stability. They have a	M4 150/500F M4 300/1000F	2.4 2.4	150 to 500 °F 300 to 1000 °F	1.0/0.04
response time of 100ms.	W14 300/ T000F	2.4	300 to 1000 F	1.0/0.04
M6 Thermometers				
M6 thermometers are designed specifically for lower	M6 0/300C	3.0 to 5.0	0 to 300 °C	3.2/0.13
temperature applications.	M6 100/700C	3.0 to 5.0	100 to 700 °C	1.0/0.04
Unique short wavelength operation minimizes errors where	M6 50/600F	3.0 to 5.0	50 to 600 °F	3.2/0.13
emissivity is low or variable.	M6 200/1300F	3.0 to 5.0	200 to 1300 °F	1.0/0.04
M7 Thermometers				
M7 thermometers operate at waveband selected especially for	M7 25/375C	3.43	25 to 375 ℃	3.2/0.13
measurement on plastic films as thin as 20 micrometers (1 mil).	M7 75/700F	3.43	75 to 700 °F	3.2/0.13
ı				
M8 Thermometers				
M8 Thermometers M8 thermometers are designed for low temperature applications	M8 0/1000C	8.0 to 14.0	0 to 1000 °C	5.0/0.20
	M8 0/1000C M8 30/1830F	8.0 to 14.0 3.43	0 to 1000 °C 30 to 1830 °F	5.0/0.20 5.0/0.20
M8 thermometers are designed for low temperature applications				
M8 thermometers are designed for low temperature applications such as food, textiles, paper and plastics. They operate at a				
M8 thermometers are designed for low temperature applications such as food, textiles, paper and plastics. They operate at a waveband which avoids the effects of atmospheric absorption. R1 Ratio Thermometers R1 ratio thermometers use dual silicon cell detectors operating				
M8 thermometers are designed for low temperature applications such as food, textiles, paper and plastics. They operate at a waveband which avoids the effects of atmospheric absorption. R1 Ratio Thermometers R1 ratio thermometers use dual silicon cell detectors operating at 0.85 to 1.1µm. They are used for difficult, high temperature	M8 30/1830F R1 600/1600C R1 1000/2600C	3.43 0.85 to 1.1 0.85 to 1.1	30 to 1830 °F 600 to 1600 °C 1000 to 2600 °C	1.8/0.07 0.45/0.02
M8 thermometers are designed for low temperature applications such as food, textiles, paper and plastics. They operate at a waveband which avoids the effects of atmospheric absorption. R1 Ratio Thermometers R1 ratio thermometers use dual silicon cell detectors operating at 0.85 to 1.1µm. They are used for difficult, high temperature applications where the field of view is not fully filled or where	M8 30/1830F R1 600/1600C R1 1000/2600C R1 1100/2900F	3.43 0.85 to 1.1 0.85 to 1.1 0.85 to 1.1	30 to 1830 °F 600 to 1600 °C 1000 to 2600 °C 1100 to 2900 °F	1.8/0.07 0.45/0.02 1.8/0.07
M8 thermometers are designed for low temperature applications such as food, textiles, paper and plastics. They operate at a waveband which avoids the effects of atmospheric absorption. R1 Ratio Thermometers R1 ratio thermometers use dual silicon cell detectors operating at 0.85 to 1.1µm. They are used for difficult, high temperature applications where the field of view is not fully filled or where the sight path is obscured. They can accurately measure	M8 30/1830F R1 600/1600C R1 1000/2600C	3.43 0.85 to 1.1 0.85 to 1.1	30 to 1830 °F 600 to 1600 °C 1000 to 2600 °C	1.8/0.07 0.45/0.02
M8 thermometers are designed for low temperature applications such as food, textiles, paper and plastics. They operate at a waveband which avoids the effects of atmospheric absorption. R1 Ratio Thermometers R1 ratio thermometers use dual silicon cell detectors operating at 0.85 to 1.1µm. They are used for difficult, high temperature applications where the field of view is not fully filled or where the sight path is obscured. They can accurately measure temperature of targets with up to 95% obscuration.	M8 30/1830F R1 600/1600C R1 1000/2600C R1 1100/2900F	3.43 0.85 to 1.1 0.85 to 1.1 0.85 to 1.1	30 to 1830 °F 600 to 1600 °C 1000 to 2600 °C 1100 to 2900 °F	1.8/0.07 0.45/0.02 1.8/0.07
M8 thermometers are designed for low temperature applications such as food, textiles, paper and plastics. They operate at a waveband which avoids the effects of atmospheric absorption. R1 Ratio Thermometers R1 ratio thermometers use dual silicon cell detectors operating at 0.85 to 1.1µm. They are used for difficult, high temperature applications where the field of view is not fully filled or where the sight path is obscured. They can accurately measure temperature of targets with up to 95% obscuration. Fibroptic M1 Thermometers	R1 600/1600C R1 1000/2600C R1 1100/2900F R1 1800/4700F	3.43 0.85 to 1.1 0.85 to 1.1 0.85 to 1.1 0.85 to 1.1	30 to 1830 °F 600 to 1600 °C 1000 to 2600 °C 1100 to 2900 °F 1000 to 4700 °F	1.8/0.07 0.45/0.02 1.8/0.07 0.45/0.02
M8 thermometers are designed for low temperature applications such as food, textiles, paper and plastics. They operate at a waveband which avoids the effects of atmospheric absorption. R1 Ratio Thermometers R1 ratio thermometers use dual silicon cell detectors operating at 0.85 to 1.1µm. They are used for difficult, high temperature applications where the field of view is not fully filled or where the sight path is obscured. They can accurately measure temperature of targets with up to 95% obscuration. Fibroptic M1 Thermometers Fibroptic M1 thermometers combine the flexibility of fiber optics	M8 30/1830F R1 600/1600C R1 1000/2600C R1 1100/2900F R1 1800/4700F M1 600/1600CYL	3.43 0.85 to 1.1 0.85 to 1.1 0.85 to 1.1 0.85 to 1.1	30 to 1830 °F 600 to 1600 °C 1000 to 2600 °C 1100 to 2900 °F 1000 to 4700 °F 600 to 1600 °C	1.8/0.07 0.45/0.02 1.8/0.07 0.45/0.02 4.0/0.15
M8 thermometers are designed for low temperature applications such as food, textiles, paper and plastics. They operate at a waveband which avoids the effects of atmospheric absorption. R1 Ratio Thermometers R1 ratio thermometers use dual silicon cell detectors operating at 0.85 to 1.1µm. They are used for difficult, high temperature applications where the field of view is not fully filled or where the sight path is obscured. They can accurately measure temperature of targets with up to 95% obscuration. Fibroptic M1 Thermometers Fibroptic M1 thermometers combine the flexibility of fiber optics with short	R1 600/1600C R1 1000/2600C R1 1100/2900F R1 1800/4700F M1 600/1600CYL M1 800/2600CYL	3.43 0.85 to 1.1 0.85 to 1.1 0.85 to 1.1 0.85 to 1.1 1.0 1.0	30 to 1830 °F 600 to 1600 °C 1000 to 2600 °C 1100 to 2900 °F 1000 to 4700 °F 600 to 1600 °C 800 to 2600 °C	1.8/0.07 0.45/0.02 1.8/0.07 0.45/0.02 4.0/0.15 1.3/0.05
M8 thermometers are designed for low temperature applications such as food, textiles, paper and plastics. They operate at a waveband which avoids the effects of atmospheric absorption. R1 Ratio Thermometers R1 ratio thermometers use dual silicon cell detectors operating at 0.85 to 1.1µm. They are used for difficult, high temperature applications where the field of view is not fully filled or where the sight path is obscured. They can accurately measure temperature of targets with up to 95% obscuration. Fibroptic M1 Thermometers Fibroptic M1 thermometers combine the flexibility of fiber optics with short wavelength operation. They can be used in high temperature	R1 600/1600C R1 1000/2600C R1 1100/2900F R1 1800/4700F M1 600/1600CYL M1 800/2600CYL M1 1100/2900FYL	3.43 0.85 to 1.1 0.85 to 1.1 0.85 to 1.1 0.85 to 1.1 1.0 1.0 1.0	30 to 1830 °F 600 to 1600 °C 1000 to 2600 °C 1100 to 2900 °F 1000 to 4700 °F 600 to 1600 °C 800 to 2600 °C 1100 to 2900 °F	1.8/0.07 0.45/0.02 1.8/0.07 0.45/0.02 4.0/0.15 1.3/0.05 4.0/0.15
M8 thermometers are designed for low temperature applications such as food, textiles, paper and plastics. They operate at a waveband which avoids the effects of atmospheric absorption. R1 Ratio Thermometers R1 ratio thermometers use dual silicon cell detectors operating at 0.85 to 1.1µm. They are used for difficult, high temperature applications where the field of view is not fully filled or where the sight path is obscured. They can accurately measure temperature of targets with up to 95% obscuration. Fibroptic M1 Thermometers Fibroptic M1 thermometers combine the flexibility of fiber optics with short wavelength operation. They can be used in high temperature applications such as metals, glass, coke ovens and induction	R1 600/1600C R1 1000/2600C R1 1100/2900F R1 1800/4700F M1 600/1600CYL M1 800/2600CYL	3.43 0.85 to 1.1 0.85 to 1.1 0.85 to 1.1 0.85 to 1.1 1.0 1.0	30 to 1830 °F 600 to 1600 °C 1000 to 2600 °C 1100 to 2900 °F 1000 to 4700 °F 600 to 1600 °C 800 to 2600 °C	1.8/0.07 0.45/0.02 1.8/0.07 0.45/0.02 4.0/0.15 1.3/0.05
M8 thermometers are designed for low temperature applications such as food, textiles, paper and plastics. They operate at a waveband which avoids the effects of atmospheric absorption. R1 Ratio Thermometers R1 ratio thermometers use dual silicon cell detectors operating at 0.85 to 1.1µm. They are used for difficult, high temperature applications where the field of view is not fully filled or where the sight path is obscured. They can accurately measure temperature of targets with up to 95% obscuration. Fibroptic M1 Thermometers Fibroptic M1 thermometers combine the flexibility of fiber optics with short wavelength operation. They can be used in high temperature applications such as metals, glass, coke ovens and induction heating.	R1 600/1600C R1 1000/2600C R1 1100/2900F R1 1800/4700F M1 600/1600CYL M1 800/2600CYL M1 1100/2900FYL	3.43 0.85 to 1.1 0.85 to 1.1 0.85 to 1.1 0.85 to 1.1 1.0 1.0 1.0	30 to 1830 °F 600 to 1600 °C 1000 to 2600 °C 1100 to 2900 °F 1000 to 4700 °F 600 to 1600 °C 800 to 2600 °C 1100 to 2900 °F	1.8/0.07 0.45/0.02 1.8/0.07 0.45/0.02 4.0/0.15 1.3/0.05 4.0/0.15
M8 thermometers are designed for low temperature applications such as food, textiles, paper and plastics. They operate at a waveband which avoids the effects of atmospheric absorption. R1 Ratio Thermometers R1 ratio thermometers use dual silicon cell detectors operating at 0.85 to 1.1µm. They are used for difficult, high temperature applications where the field of view is not fully filled or where the sight path is obscured. They can accurately measure temperature of targets with up to 95% obscuration. Fibroptic M1 Thermometers Fibroptic M1 thermometers combine the flexibility of fiber optics with short wavelength operation. They can be used in high temperature applications such as metals, glass, coke ovens and induction heating. Fibroptic M2 Thermometers	M8 30/1830F R1 600/1600C R1 1000/2600C R1 1100/2900F R1 1800/4700F M1 600/1600CYL M1 800/2600CYL M1 1100/2900FYL M1 1500/4700FYL	3.43 0.85 to 1.1 0.85 to 1.1 0.85 to 1.1 0.85 to 1.1 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0	30 to 1830 °F 600 to 1600 °C 1000 to 2600 °C 1100 to 2900 °F 1000 to 4700 °F 600 to 1600 °C 800 to 2600 °C 1100 to 2900 °F 1500 to 4700 °F	1.8/0.07 0.45/0.02 1.8/0.07 0.45/0.02 4.0/0.15 1.3/0.05 4.0/0.15 1.3/0.05
M8 thermometers are designed for low temperature applications such as food, textiles, paper and plastics. They operate at a waveband which avoids the effects of atmospheric absorption. R1 Ratio Thermometers R1 ratio thermometers use dual silicon cell detectors operating at 0.85 to 1.1µm. They are used for difficult, high temperature applications where the field of view is not fully filled or where the sight path is obscured. They can accurately measure temperature of targets with up to 95% obscuration. Fibroptic M1 Thermometers Fibroptic M1 thermometers combine the flexibility of fiber optics with short wavelength operation. They can be used in high temperature applications such as metals, glass, coke ovens and induction heating. Fibroptic M2 Thermometers Fibroptic M2 thermometers are used in applications such as	M8 30/1830F R1 600/1600C R1 1000/2600C R1 1100/2900F R1 1800/4700F M1 600/1600CYL M1 800/2600CYL M1 1100/2900FYL M1 1500/4700FYL M2 300/1100CYL	3.43 0.85 to 1.1 0.85 to 1.1 0.85 to 1.1 0.85 to 1.1 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0	30 to 1830 °F 600 to 1600 °C 1000 to 2600 °C 1100 to 2900 °F 1000 to 4700 °F 600 to 1600 °C 800 to 2600 °C 1100 to 2900 °F 1500 to 4700 °F 300 to 1100 °C	1.8/0.07 0.45/0.02 1.8/0.07 0.45/0.02 4.0/0.15 1.3/0.05 4.0/0.15 1.3/0.05
M8 thermometers are designed for low temperature applications such as food, textiles, paper and plastics. They operate at a waveband which avoids the effects of atmospheric absorption. R1 Ratio Thermometers R1 ratio thermometers use dual silicon cell detectors operating at 0.85 to 1.1µm. They are used for difficult, high temperature applications where the field of view is not fully filled or where the sight path is obscured. They can accurately measure temperature of targets with up to 95% obscuration. Fibroptic M1 Thermometers Fibroptic M1 thermometers combine the flexibility of fiber optics with short wavelength operation. They can be used in high temperature applications such as metals, glass, coke ovens and induction heating. Fibroptic M2 Thermometers	M8 30/1830F R1 600/1600C R1 1000/2600C R1 1100/2900F R1 1800/4700F M1 600/1600CYL M1 800/2600CYL M1 1100/2900FYL M1 1500/4700FYL	3.43 0.85 to 1.1 0.85 to 1.1 0.85 to 1.1 0.85 to 1.1 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0	30 to 1830 °F 600 to 1600 °C 1000 to 2600 °C 1100 to 2900 °F 1000 to 4700 °F 600 to 1600 °C 800 to 2600 °C 1100 to 2900 °F 1500 to 4700 °F	1.8/0.07 0.45/0.02 1.8/0.07 0.45/0.02 4.0/0.15 1.3/0.05 4.0/0.15 1.3/0.05
M8 thermometers are designed for low temperature applications such as food, textiles, paper and plastics. They operate at a waveband which avoids the effects of atmospheric absorption. R1 Ratio Thermometers R1 ratio thermometers use dual silicon cell detectors operating at 0.85 to 1.1µm. They are used for difficult, high temperature applications where the field of view is not fully filled or where the sight path is obscured. They can accurately measure temperature of targets with up to 95% obscuration. Fibroptic M1 Thermometers Fibroptic M1 thermometers combine the flexibility of fiber optics with short wavelength operation. They can be used in high temperature applications such as metals, glass, coke ovens and induction heating. Fibroptic M2 Thermometers Fibroptic M2 Thermometers are used in applications such as glass mold temperatures where access to the target is restricted, or limited to a few milliseconds.	M8 30/1830F R1 600/1600C R1 1000/2600C R1 1100/2900F R1 1800/4700F M1 600/1600CYL M1 800/2600CYL M1 1100/2900FYL M1 1500/4700FYL M2 300/1100CYL	3.43 0.85 to 1.1 0.85 to 1.1 0.85 to 1.1 0.85 to 1.1 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0	30 to 1830 °F 600 to 1600 °C 1000 to 2600 °C 1100 to 2900 °F 1000 to 4700 °F 600 to 1600 °C 800 to 2600 °C 1100 to 2900 °F 1500 to 4700 °F 300 to 1100 °C	1.8/0.07 0.45/0.02 1.8/0.07 0.45/0.02 4.0/0.15 1.3/0.05 4.0/0.15 1.3/0.05
M8 thermometers are designed for low temperature applications such as food, textiles, paper and plastics. They operate at a waveband which avoids the effects of atmospheric absorption. R1 Ratio Thermometers R1 ratio thermometers use dual silicon cell detectors operating at 0.85 to 1.1µm. They are used for difficult, high temperature applications where the field of view is not fully filled or where the sight path is obscured. They can accurately measure temperature of targets with up to 95% obscuration. Fibroptic M1 Thermometers Fibroptic M1 thermometers combine the flexibility of fiber optics with short wavelength operation. They can be used in high temperature applications such as metals, glass, coke ovens and induction heating. Fibroptic M2 Thermometers Fibroptic M2 Thermometers Fibroptic M2 thermometers are used in applications such as glass mold temperatures where access to the target is restricted, or limited to a few milliseconds. Fibroptic R1 Ratio Thermometers	M8 30/1830F R1 600/1600C R1 1000/2600C R1 1100/2900F R1 1800/4700F M1 600/1600CYL M1 800/2600CYL M1 1100/2900FYL M1 1500/4700FYL M2 300/1100CYL M2 600/2000FYL	3.43 0.85 to 1.1 0.85 to 1.1 0.85 to 1.1 0.85 to 1.1 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.6 1.6	30 to 1830 °F 600 to 1600 °C 1000 to 2600 °C 1100 to 2900 °F 1000 to 4700 °F 600 to 1600 °C 800 to 2600 °C 1100 to 2900 °F 1500 to 4700 °F 300 to 1100 °C 600 to 2000 °F	1.8/0.07 0.45/0.02 1.8/0.07 0.45/0.02 4.0/0.15 1.3/0.05 4.0/0.15 1.3/0.05 4.0/0.15
M8 thermometers are designed for low temperature applications such as food, textiles, paper and plastics. They operate at a waveband which avoids the effects of atmospheric absorption. R1 Ratio Thermometers R1 ratio thermometers use dual silicon cell detectors operating at 0.85 to 1.1µm. They are used for difficult, high temperature applications where the field of view is not fully filled or where the sight path is obscured. They can accurately measure temperature of targets with up to 95% obscuration. Fibroptic M1 Thermometers Fibroptic M1 thermometers combine the flexibility of fiber optics with short wavelength operation. They can be used in high temperature applications such as metals, glass, coke ovens and induction heating. Fibroptic M2 Thermometers Fibroptic M2 thermometers are used in applications such as glass mold temperatures where access to the target is restricted, or limited to a few milliseconds. Fibroptic R1 Ratio Thermometers Fibroptic R1 ratio thermometers provide accurate high	M8 30/1830F R1 600/1600C R1 1000/2600C R1 1100/2900F R1 1800/4700F M1 600/1600CYL M1 800/2600CYL M1 1100/2900FYL M1 1500/4700FYL M2 300/1100CYL M2 600/2000FYL R1 600/1600CYL	3.43 0.85 to 1.1 0.85 to 1.1 0.85 to 1.1 0.85 to 1.1 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.6 1.6 0.85 to 1.1	30 to 1830 °F 600 to 1600 °C 1000 to 2600 °C 1100 to 2900 °F 1000 to 4700 °F 600 to 1600 °C 800 to 2600 °C 1100 to 2900 °F 1500 to 4700 °F 300 to 1100 °C 600 to 2000 °F	1.8/0.07 0.45/0.02 1.8/0.07 0.45/0.02 4.0/0.15 1.3/0.05 4.0/0.15 1.3/0.05 4.0/0.15 4.0/0.15
M8 thermometers are designed for low temperature applications such as food, textiles, paper and plastics. They operate at a waveband which avoids the effects of atmospheric absorption. R1 Ratio Thermometers R1 ratio thermometers use dual silicon cell detectors operating at 0.85 to 1.1µm. They are used for difficult, high temperature applications where the field of view is not fully filled or where the sight path is obscured. They can accurately measure temperature of targets with up to 95% obscuration. Fibroptic M1 Thermometers Fibroptic M1 thermometers combine the flexibility of fiber optics with short wavelength operation. They can be used in high temperature applications such as metals, glass, coke ovens and induction heating. Fibroptic M2 Thermometers Fibroptic M2 thermometers are used in applications such as glass mold temperatures where access to the target is restricted, or limited to a few milliseconds. Fibroptic R1 Ratio Thermometers Fibroptic R1 ratio thermometers provide accurate high temperature measurement of small intermittent targets, such	M8 30/1830F R1 600/1600C R1 1000/2600C R1 1100/2900F R1 1800/4700F M1 600/1600CYL M1 1100/2900FYL M1 1500/4700FYL M2 300/1100CYL M2 600/2000FYL R1 600/1600CYL R1 1100/2900FYL	3.43 0.85 to 1.1 0.85 to 1.1 0.85 to 1.1 0.85 to 1.1 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.6 1.6 0.85 to 1.1 0.85 to 1.1	30 to 1830 °F 600 to 1600 °C 1000 to 2600 °C 1100 to 2900 °F 1000 to 4700 °F 600 to 1600 °C 800 to 2600 °C 1100 to 2900 °F 1500 to 4700 °F 300 to 1100 °C 600 to 1600 °C 1100 to 2900 °F	1.8/0.07 0.45/0.02 1.8/0.07 0.45/0.02 4.0/0.15 1.3/0.05 4.0/0.15 1.3/0.05 4.0/0.15 4.0/0.15 4.0/0.15
M8 thermometers are designed for low temperature applications such as food, textiles, paper and plastics. They operate at a waveband which avoids the effects of atmospheric absorption. R1 Ratio Thermometers R1 ratio thermometers use dual silicon cell detectors operating at 0.85 to 1.1µm. They are used for difficult, high temperature applications where the field of view is not fully filled or where the sight path is obscured. They can accurately measure temperature of targets with up to 95% obscuration. Fibroptic M1 Thermometers Fibroptic M1 thermometers combine the flexibility of fiber optics with short wavelength operation. They can be used in high temperature applications such as metals, glass, coke ovens and induction heating. Fibroptic M2 Thermometers Fibroptic M2 thermometers are used in applications such as glass mold temperatures where access to the target is restricted, or limited to a few milliseconds. Fibroptic R1 Ratio Thermometers Fibroptic R1 ratio thermometers provide accurate high	M8 30/1830F R1 600/1600C R1 1000/2600C R1 1100/2900F R1 1800/4700F M1 600/1600CYL M1 800/2600CYL M1 1100/2900FYL M1 1500/4700FYL M2 300/1100CYL M2 600/2000FYL R1 600/1600CYL	3.43 0.85 to 1.1 0.85 to 1.1 0.85 to 1.1 0.85 to 1.1 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.6 1.6 0.85 to 1.1	30 to 1830 °F 600 to 1600 °C 1000 to 2600 °C 1100 to 2900 °F 1000 to 4700 °F 600 to 1600 °C 800 to 2600 °C 1100 to 2900 °F 1500 to 4700 °F 300 to 1100 °C 600 to 2000 °F	1.8/0.07 0.45/0.02 1.8/0.07 0.45/0.02 4.0/0.15 1.3/0.05 4.0/0.15 1.3/0.05 4.0/0.15 4.0/0.15
M8 thermometers are designed for low temperature applications such as food, textiles, paper and plastics. They operate at a waveband which avoids the effects of atmospheric absorption. R1 Ratio Thermometers R1 ratio thermometers use dual silicon cell detectors operating at 0.85 to 1.1µm. They are used for difficult, high temperature applications where the field of view is not fully filled or where the sight path is obscured. They can accurately measure temperature of targets with up to 95% obscuration. Fibroptic M1 Thermometers Fibroptic M1 thermometers combine the flexibility of fiber optics with short wavelength operation. They can be used in high temperature applications such as metals, glass, coke ovens and induction heating. Fibroptic M2 Thermometers Fibroptic M2 thermometers are used in applications such as glass mold temperatures where access to the target is restricted, or limited to a few milliseconds. Fibroptic R1 Ratio Thermometers Fibroptic R1 ratio thermometers provide accurate high temperature measurement of small intermittent targets, such as rod and wire, and tube welding. Other typical applications	M8 30/1830F R1 600/1600C R1 1000/2600C R1 1100/2900F R1 1800/4700F M1 600/1600CYL M1 800/2600CYL M1 1100/2900FYL M1 500/4700FYL M2 300/1100CYL M2 600/2000FYL R1 1000/2900FYL R1 1000/2600CYL R1 1100/2900FYL R1 1000/2600CYL	3.43 0.85 to 1.1 0.85 to 1.1 0.85 to 1.1 0.85 to 1.1 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.6 1.6 0.85 to 1.1 0.85 to 1.1 0.85 to 1.1	30 to 1830 °F 600 to 1600 °C 1000 to 2600 °C 1100 to 2900 °F 1000 to 4700 °F 600 to 1600 °C 800 to 2900 °F 1500 to 4700 °F 300 to 1100 °C 600 to 2000 °F 600 to 1600 °C 1100 to 2900 °F 1000 to 2900 °F	1.8/0.07 0.45/0.02 1.8/0.07 0.45/0.02 4.0/0.15 1.3/0.05 4.0/0.15 1.3/0.05 4.0/0.15 4.0/0.15 4.0/0.15 1.3/0.05
M8 thermometers are designed for low temperature applications such as food, textiles, paper and plastics. They operate at a waveband which avoids the effects of atmospheric absorption. R1 Ratio Thermometers R1 ratio thermometers use dual silicon cell detectors operating at 0.85 to 1.1µm. They are used for difficult, high temperature applications where the field of view is not fully filled or where the sight path is obscured. They can accurately measure temperature of targets with up to 95% obscuration. Fibroptic M1 Thermometers Fibroptic M1 thermometers combine the flexibility of fiber optics with short wavelength operation. They can be used in high temperature applications such as metals, glass, coke ovens and induction heating. Fibroptic M2 Thermometers Fibroptic M2 thermometers are used in applications such as glass mold temperatures where access to the target is restricted, or limited to a few milliseconds. Fibroptic R1 Ratio Thermometers Fibroptic R1 ratio thermometers provide accurate high temperature measurement of small intermittent targets, such as rod and wire, and tube welding. Other typical applications	M8 30/1830F R1 600/1600C R1 1000/2600C R1 1100/2900F R1 1800/4700F M1 600/1600CYL M1 800/2600CYL M1 1100/2900FYL M1 500/4700FYL M2 300/1100CYL M2 600/2000FYL R1 1000/2900FYL R1 1000/2600CYL R1 1100/2900FYL R1 1000/2600CYL	3.43 0.85 to 1.1 0.85 to 1.1 0.85 to 1.1 0.85 to 1.1 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.6 1.6 0.85 to 1.1 0.85 to 1.1 0.85 to 1.1	30 to 1830 °F 600 to 1600 °C 1000 to 2600 °C 1100 to 2900 °F 1000 to 4700 °F 600 to 1600 °C 800 to 2900 °F 1500 to 4700 °F 300 to 1100 °C 600 to 2000 °F 600 to 1600 °C 1100 to 2900 °F 1000 to 2900 °F	1.8/0.07 0.45/0.02 1.8/0.07 0.45/0.02 4.0/0.15 1.3/0.05 4.0/0.15 1.3/0.05 4.0/0.15 4.0/0.15 4.0/0.15 1.3/0.05

THERMOMETER SPECIFICATIONS

	Model	Range	Wavelength μm	Field of View	Ambient Temperature	Response Time (1)	Interchangeability	Repeatability	Accuracy ⁽²⁾	Stability
	M1 450/1000C M1 850/1850F	450 to 1000 °C 850 to 1850 °F	1 1	30:1 30:1	0 to 70 °C 32 to 158 °F	5ms	<1K	1K	0.4%K	<0.2K/K
	M1 600/1600C M1 1100/2900F	600 to 1600 °C 1100 to 2900 °F	1 1	100:1 100:1	0 to 70 °C 32 to 158 °F	5ms	<1K	<1K	0.4%K	<0.2K/K
	M1 800/2600C M1 1500/4700F	800 to 2600 °C 1500 to 4700 °F	1 1	200:1 200:1	0 to 70 °C 32 to 158 °F	5ms	<1K	2K	0.7%K	<0.3K/K
	M2 300/1100C M2 600/2000F	300 to 1100 °C 600 to 2000 °F	1.6 1.6	100:1 100:1	0 to 50 °C 32 to 122 °F	5ms	<1K	<1K	0.25% + 1K	<0.2K/K
1ETERS	M4 50/250C ⁽³⁾ M4 150/500F ⁽³⁾	50 to 250 °C 150 to 500 °F	2.4 2.4	30:1 30:1	5 to 45 ℃ 41 to 113 ℉	100ms	<1K	1K	3K	<0.1K/K
STANDARD THERMOMETERS	M4 150/550C M4 300/1000F	150 to 550 °C 300 to 1000 °F	2.4 2.4	100:1 100:1	5 to 45 ℃ 41 to 113 ℉	100ms	<1K	1K	4K	<0.1K/K
ARD TH	M6 0/300C M6 50/600F	0 to 300 °C 50 to 600 °F	3 to 5 3 to 5	30:1 30:1	5 to 45 ℃ 41 to 113 ℉	100ms	<1K	<1K	0.3% + 2.5K	<0.15K/K
STAND	M6 100/700C M6 200/1300F	100 to 700 °C 200 to 1300 °F	3 to 5 3 to 5	100:1 100:1	5 to 45 ℃ 41 to 113 ℉	100ms	<1K	1K	0.3% + 2K	<0.2K/K
	M7 25/375C ⁽³⁾ M7 75/700F ⁽³⁾	25 to 375 °C 75 to 700 °F	3.43 3.43	30:1 30:1	5 to 45 °C 41 to 113 °F	100ms	<1K	1.5K	3K	<0.1K/K
	M8 0/1000C M8 30/1830F	0 to 1000 °C 30 to 1830 °F	8 to 14 8 to 14	100:1 100:1	0 to 70 °C 32 to 158 °F	100ms	2K	<1K	1%K + 1K	<0.3K/K
	R1 600/1600C R1 1100/2900F	600 to 1600 °C 1100 to 2900 °F	0.85 to 1.1 0.85 to 1.1	50:1 50:1	0 to 50 °C 32 to 122 °F	15ms	0.25%K	1K	0.65% K	<0.05%K/K
	R1 1000/2600C R1 1800/4700F	1000 to 2600 °C 1800 to 4700 °F	0.85 to 1.1 0.85 to 1.1	200:1 200:1	0 to 50 °C 32 to 122 °F	15ms	0.45%K	2K	1.1% K	<0.1%K/K
RS	M1 600/1600CYL M1 1100/2900FYL	600 to 1600 °C 1100 to 2900 °F	1 1	25:1 25:1	0 to 70 °C 32 to 158 °F	5ms	<1K	<1K	0.4%K	<0.2K/K
OMETE	M1 800/2600CYL M1 1500/4700FYL	800 to 2600 °C 1500 to 4700 °F	1 1	75:1 75:1	0 to 70 °C 32 to 158 °F	5ms	<1K	2K	0.7%K	<0.3K/K
THERN	M2 300/1100CYL M2 600/2000FYL	300 to 1100 °C 600 to 2000 °F	1.6 1.6	25:1 25:1	0 to 50 °C 32 to 122 °F	5ms	<1K	<1K	0.25% + 1K	<0.2K/K
ROPTIC	R1 600/1600CYL R1 1100/2900FYL	600 to 1600 °C 1100 to 2900 °F	0.85 to 1.1 0.85 to 1.1	25:1 25:1	0 to 50 °C 32 to 122 °F	15ms	0.25%K	1K	0.65% K	<0.05%K/K
88	R1 1000/2600CYL R1 1800/4700FYL	1000 to 2600 °C 1800 to 4700 °F	0.85 to 1.1 0.85 to 1.1	75:1 200:1	0 to 50 °C 32 to 122 °F	15ms	0.25%K	2K	1.1% K	<0.1%K/K
	R1 600/1600CYL R1 1100/2900FYL R1 1000/2600CYL	600 to 1600 °C 1100 to 2900 °F 1000 to 2600 °C 1800 to 4700 °F	0.85 to 1.1 0.85 to 1.1 0.85 to 1.1	25:1 25:1 75:1 200:1	0 to 50 °C 32 to 122 °F 0 to 50 °C	15ms		2K	1.1% K	

⁽¹⁾ Time quoted to 95% of step change

STANDARD OPTICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Focus Range	0.5m/19.7in to infinity (V version) 0.35 to 1.0m/13.8 to 39.4in (S version)
Sighting	6° graticule-defined field of view 1.8x magnification 30mm/1.2in eye relief (with or without spectacles/ safety glasses) At least 98% of energy detected is guaranteed to be within area defined by graticule

FIBROPTIC OPTICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Focus Range	Determined by Spacer fitted
None	500mm/19.69in
Blue	250mm/9.84in
Red	100mm/3.94in
Lightguide length	1.0m/3ft 3in, 2.0m/6ft 6in and 3.5m/11ft 6in

ENVIRONMENTAL SPECIFICATIONS

Vibration	3g - 60 to 300Hz, 0.5mm - 10 to 60Hz
Humidity	0 to 99% non condensing
CE	EN 50-082-2 (immunity)
EN 50-081-1 (emission)	
Sealing	To IP54 requirements
Fibroptic: Optic Head	200 °C/392 °F Maximum ambient temperature
Lightguide 200 °C/392 °F	Maximum ambient temperature

OPTIONAL EXTRAS

Standard Body	Close-up lenses
Fibroptic	Laser targeting



CONTACT US



www.ametek-land.com



land.enquiry@ametek.com



We are fully committed to Quality Assurance. See all our accreditations at AMETEK-LAND.COM/QUALITY

⁽²⁾ Accuracy quoted to ITS90

⁽³⁾ Above 75°C/170°F

 $^{^{\}text{(4)}}$ Optimized for glass toughening = 3K at 630°C/1170°F